the long-term exempt rate. For purposes of sections 382, 1274, 1288, and other sections of the Code, tables set forth the rates for June 2001.

Rev. Rul. 2001-27

This revenue ruling provides various prescribed rates for federal income tax purposes for June 2001 (the current month). Table 1 contains the short-term,

mid-term, and long-term applicable federal rates (AFR) for the current month for purposes of section 1274(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Table 2 contains the short-term, mid-term, and long-term adjusted applicable federal rates (adjusted AFR) for the current month for purposes of section 1288(b). Table 3 sets forth the adjusted federal long-term rate and the long-term tax-exempt rate described in section 382(f). Table 4 contains the appropriate percentages for determining the low-income housing credit described in section 42(b)(2) for buildings placed in service during the current month. Finally, Table 5 contains the federal rate for determining the present value of an annuity, an interest for life or for a term of years, or a remainder or a reversionary interest for purposes of section 7520.

	F	REV. RUL. 2001–27 TABLE 1			
Applicable Federal Rates (AFR) for June 2001 Period for Compounding					
Short-Term					
AFR	4.15%	4.11%	4.09%	4.08%	
110% AFR	4.57%	4.52%	4.49%	4.48%	
120% AFR	4.99%	4.93%	4.90%	4.88%	
130% AFR	5.41%	5.34%	5.30%	5.28%	
Mid-Term					
AFR	5.02%	4.96%	4.93%	4.91%	
110% AFR	5.53%	5.46%	5.42%	5.40%	
120% AFR	6.04%	5.95%	5.91%	5.88%	
130% AFR	6.55%	6.45%	6.40%	6.36%	
150% AFR	7.58%	7.44%	7.37%	7.33%	
175% AFR	8.87%	8.68%	8.59%	8.53%	
Long-Term					
AFR	5.75%	5.67%	5.63%	5.60%	
110% AFR	6.34%	6.24%	6.19%	6.16%	
120% AFR	6.92%	6.80%	6.74%	6.71%	
130% AFR	7.51%	7.37%	7.30%	7.26%	

	R	REV. RUL. 2001–27 TABLE 2			
Adjusted AFR for June 2001 Period for Compounding					
Short-term adjusted AFR	3.46%	3.43%	3.42%	3.41%	
Mid-term adjusted AFR	3.99%	3.95%	3.93%	3.92%	
Long-term adjusted AFR	5.01%	4.95%	4.92%	4.90%	

REV. RUL. 2001–27 TABLE 3	
Rates Under Section 382 for June 2001	
Adjusted federal long-term rate for the current month	5.01%
Long-term tax-exempt rate for ownership changes during the current month (the highest of the adjusted federal long-term rates for the current month and the prior two months.)	5.01%

REV. RUL. 2001–27 TABLE 4

Appropriate Percentages Under Section 42(b)(2) for June 2001

Appropriate percentage for the 70% present value low-income housing credit

Appropriate percentage for the 30% present value low-income housing credit

8.26%

3.54%

REV. RUL. 2001–27 TABLE 5	
Rate Under Section 7520 for June 2001	
Applicable federal rate for determining the present value of an annuity, an interest for life or a term of years, or a remainder or reversionary interest	6.0%

Section 1288.—Treatment of Original Issue Discounts of Tax-Exempt Obligations

The adjusted applicable federal short-term, midterm, and long-term rates are set forth for the month of June 2001. See Rev. Rul. 2001–27, page 1298.

Section 4081.—Imposition of Tax

26 CFR 48.4081-8: Taxable fuel; measurement.

T.D. 8945

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY Internal Revenue Service 26 CFR Part 48

Taxable Fuel Measurement

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

ACTION: Final regulations.

SUMMARY: This document contains final regulations relating to the measurement of taxable fuel. The regulations affect certain blenders, enterers, refiners, terminal operators, and throughputters.

DATES: *Effective Date*: These regulations are effective May 18, 2001.

Applicability Date: These regulations are applicable January 1, 1994.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CON-TACT: Frank Boland (202) 622-3130 (not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Section 4081 imposes a tax on certain removals, entries, and sales of taxable

fuel. Section 4083 provides that taxable fuel means gasoline, diesel fuel, and kerosene.

Before July 1, 2000, regulations provided that gallons of taxable fuel could be measured on the basis of actual volumetric gallons or gallons adjusted to 60 degrees Fahrenheit. However, regulations that were published in the Federal Register on March 31, 2000 (T.D. 8879; 65 FR 17149), provide that beginning July 1, 2000, for each period from July 1 through the following June 30 a person liable for tax on a removal may use only one of the two bases of measurement with respect to taxable fuel removed from any particular terminal, refinery, or blending facility. This rule (the consistency requirement) also applies to taxable entries and sales.

After publication of T.D. 8879 (2000–16 I.R.B. 882), the IRS and the Treasury Department determined that many taxpayers would have had to change their accounting systems to comply with the consistency requirement and would have been unable to complete the necessary changes by July 1, 2000. Accordingly, Notice 2000–33 (2000–27 I.R.B. 97) provided that taxpayers would not be required to comply with the consistency requirement before July 1, 2001. In the meantime, a taxpayer could use either basis of measurement for each taxable removal, entry, or sale of taxable fuel.

Explanation of Provisions

The IRS and the Treasury Department have now determined that the consistency requirement would force many taxpayers to alter current standard business practices and potentially could make routine IRS examinations more time consuming and burdensome. To avoid these adverse consequences, the final regulations in this document remove the consistency requirement and reinstate the provision that was in effect before July 1, 2000.

Effect on Other Documents

Notice 2000–33 (2000–27 I.R.B. 97) is obsolete as of May 18, 2001.

Special Analyses

This rule relieves taxpayer burden by eliminating a requirement with respect to the measurement of taxable fuel. Therefore, it has been determined that notice and public comment are unnecessary and contrary to the public interest. For the same reason, a delayed effective date under 5 U.S.C. 553(d) is not required. Because no preceding notice of proposed rulemaking is required for this Treasury decision and the rule does not impose on small entities a collection of information requirement, the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act do not apply. It also has been determined that this Treasury decision is not a significant regulatory action as defined in Executive Order 12866. Therefore, a regulatory assessment is not required. Pursuant to section 7805(f) of the Code, these final regulations were submitted to the Chief Counsel for Advocacy of the Small Business Administration for comment on their impact on small business.

Drafting Information

The principal author of these regulations is Frank Boland, Office of Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries). However, other personnel from the IRS and Treasury Department participated in their development.

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